

Triple Constellations GNSS Mouse for GPS/GLONASS/Galileo satellites

PGM-2528 Specification

Version 1.0 2022/04/27

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Revision History

1. 2022-04-27 : Initiated Version 1.0



PGM-2528 Operational Manual

INTRODUCTION

The **PGM-2528** is the newest generation of KNCTEK GPS/GLONASS/Galileo GNSS Mouse. The GPS/GLONASS/Galileo GNSS Mouse is powered by SkyTraq technology and KNCTEK's proprietary navigation algorithm that provide you more stable navigation data. The miniature design is the best choice to be embedded in the portable devices, various Trackers, Vehicle & Personal Locaters and etc. The excellent sensitivity of **PGM-2528** gets the great performance when going through the urban canyon and foliage environmental condition.

PRODUCT FEATURES

- GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, QZSS, SBAS(WAAS, MSAS, EGNOS, GAGAN)
 supported
- ♦ 230 Acquisition & Tracking Channels
- ♦ Operable from 3.3V to 5.5V / 62mA for Acquisition and 48mA for Tracking Mode
- ♦ Signal Detection better than -165dBm in Ultra High Tracking Sensitivity
- ♦ Enhanced Cold Acquisition Sensitivity at -148dBm and Reacquisition at -160dBm
- ♦ 28 seconds in Warm start and 29 seconds for Cold start under open sky average
- ♦ Advanced Multipath detection and suppression
- → Jamming detection and mitigation
- ♦ SAEE(Self-aided ephemeris estimation) Supported
- ♦ Excellent Sensitive for Urban Canyon and Foliage Environmental condition
- ♦ NMEA-0183 compliant protocol
- ♦ Automotive-grade Quality GPS/GLONASS solution
- ♦ Small form factor(30 x 41 x 10.3mm)
- ODM/OEM development is fully supported Application Engineering
- ♦ GNSS Power Status Display LED Indicator
- ♦ RoHS compliant

PRODUCT APPLICATION

- Automotive applications
- ♦ Speed camera detector
- ♦ Personal and Car navigation
- ♦ Marine navigation



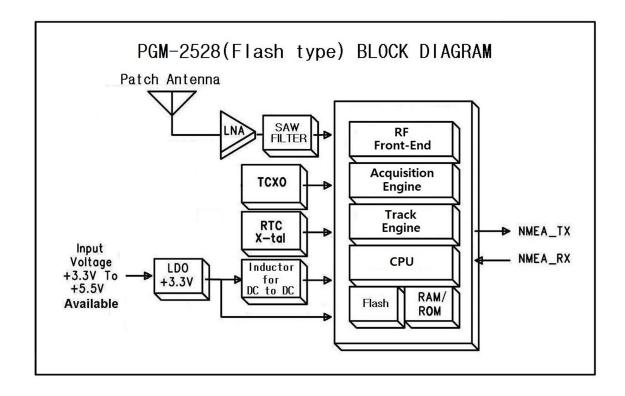
Timing application and the others

PRODUCT PICTURE



PGM-2528 SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

The PGM-2528 consists of SkyTraq chipsets Technology, KNCTEK LNA and proprietary software. The system is described as follows.





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

1. Electrical Characteristics

1.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	
Power Supply	Power Supply				
Power Supply Volt.	VCC	-0.3	6	V	
Input Pins					
Input Pin Voltage I/O	RX	-0.3	3.6	V	
Backup Battery	Vbat	1.8	3.6	V	
Environment					
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30	85	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40	85	°C	
Backup Battery operating temperature ¹	Tbat	-20	60	°C	

^{** &}lt;sup>1</sup> Backup Battery operating temperature depends on Battery characteristics

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in this table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.

For functional operating conditions, please refer to the operating conditions tables as follow.

1.2 Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Power supply voltage	Vcc		3.3	5.0	5.5	V
Power Supply voltage	Vcc_PP	Vcc = 3.3 ~ 5.5V			50	mV
ripple						
Acquisition current	IccA	Vcc = 3.3 ~ 5.5V		62		mA
Tracking current	IccT	Vcc = 3.3 ~ 5.5V		48		mA
Input high voltage	V _{IH}		2.0			V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}				0.8	V
Output high voltage	V _{OH}		2.4			V
Output low voltage	V _{OL}				0.4	V



2. General & Performance Specification

Parameter	Specification		
Receiver Type	GPS/GLONASS/Galileo, 230 Acquisition & Tracking	Channels	
Sensitivity	Tracking -165dBm		
	Re-acquisition -160dBm		
	Cold Start -148dBm		
Accuracy	Position 2.0m CEP		
	Velocity 0.1m/s		
	Timing(PPS) 12ns RMS		
Acquisition Time	Cold Start 29 sec. typical	(Open sky ¹)	
	Warm Start 28 sec. typical	(Open sky)	
	Hot Start 1 sec. typical (0	Open sky)	
	Reacquisition Time 1 sec(Open sky	/, re-appear	
	after some se	conds)	
Power Consumption	Tracking 48mA @ 3.3 ~ 5	5.5V	
	Acquisition 62mA @ 3.3 ~ 5	5.5V	
	Back-up 15uA @ 3V		
Navigation Data Update	1Hz_Default In case of using Binary input	: Max 25Hz	
Rate	** Please refer to the Binary Input Message		
LED Indicator	GNSS Power Status Display 1. Power on : Blue LED always On		
	2. Power off : LED of	f	
Operational Limits	Velocity Max 515 m/s		
	Altitude Max 18,000m		
	Acceleration Less than 4g(3	39.2m/sec ²)	
Mechanical data	Dimension 30X41X10.3mm	1	
	Weight(with case and cable) 55grams ±5%(3	M Cable)	
Protocol	NMEA-0183 V3.01 GNGGA 1Hz		
	GNGLL 1Hz		
	GNGSA 1Hz		
	GPGSV 1/3Hz(one ti	me per 3sec)	
	GLGSV 1/3Hz		
	GAGSV 1/3Hz		
	GNRMC 1Hz		
	GNVTG 1Hz		
	GNZDA 1Hz		

^{** &}lt;sup>1</sup>Open Sky means no obstructions in the sky



ORDERING INFORMATION



Cable for customer request: Refer to page 10 for connector type (Default: TTL output/9,600baud)



HARDWARE INTERFACE

Pin Description

PIN	SIGNAL NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION	CHARACTER
1	VCC	Р	DC Power Supply Voltage input	DC 3.3V to 5.5V Acceptable
2	TXD	0	NMEA_TX : UART serial data Output	3.3V LVTTL
3	RXD	I	NMEA_RX : UART serial data Input	3.3V LVTTL
4	GND	Р	Digital Reference Ground	Digital Reference Ground

VCC DC Power Input

This is the main power supply for the Engine board. The power range is **DC 3.3V to 5.5V Acceptable.** Suitable decoupling must be provided by external decoupling circuitry.

GND

GND provides the ground for the Engine board. Connect all grounds.

TXD

NMEA_TX, UART serial data output, 3.3V LVTTL logic level. This is the main transmit channel and is used to output navigation and measurement data to user written software. The default setup is NMEA Output, 9600bps, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit. The default sentences are GNGGA, GNGLL, GNGSA, GPGSV, GLGSV,GAGSV, GNRMC, GNVTG, GNZDA. GNGGA, GNGLL, GNGSA, GNRMC, GNVTG, GNZDA are once per second and GPGSV, GLGSV, GAGSV is once per 3 second.

RXD

NMEA_RX, UART serial data input,3.3V LVTTL logic level. This is the main receiving channel and is used to receive software commands to the Engine board from user written software.

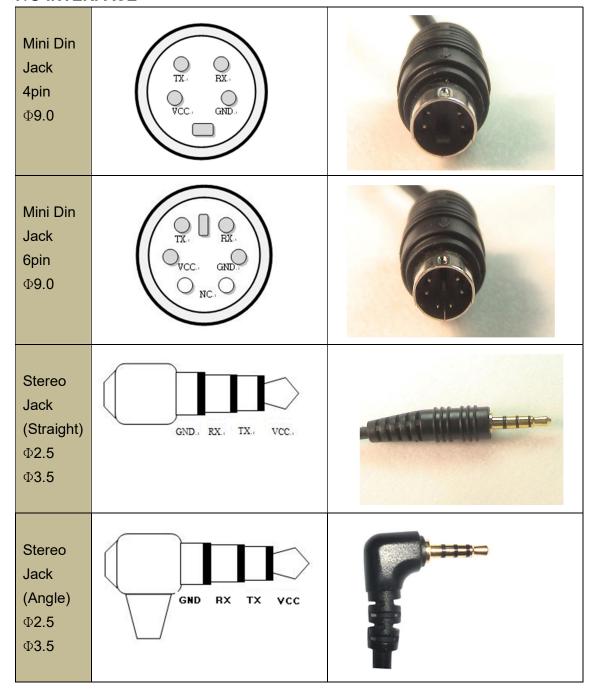
LED Indicator : GNSS Power Status Display

Power on : Blue LED always On

- Power off : LED off



I/O INTERFACE





Packing Information

1. Packing Method

TBD: To be determined



GPS/GLONASS/Galileo Receiver User's Tip

- GPS/GLONASS/Galileo signal will be affected by weather and environment conditions, thus suggest to use the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver under less shielding environments to ensure GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver has better receiving performance.
- When GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver is moving, it will prolong the time to fix the position, so suggest to wait for the satellite signals to be locked at a fixed point when first power-on the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver to ensure to lock the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo signal at the shortest time.
- 3. The following situation will affect the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiving performance:
 - a. Solar control filmed windows.
 - b. Metal shielded, such as umbrella, or in vehicle.
 - c. Among high buildings.
 - d. Under bridges or tunnels.
 - Under high voltage cables or nearby radio wave sources, such as mobile phone base stations.
 - f. Bad or heavy cloudy weather.
- 4. If the satellite signals cannot be locked or encounter receiving problem (while in the urban area), the following steps are suggested:
 - Move to another open space or reposition GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver toward the direction with fewer blockages.
 - b. Move the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver away from the interference resources.
 - c. Wait until the weather condition is improved.

While a GPS/GLONASS with a backup battery, the GPS/GLONASS/Galileo receiver can fix a position immediately at next power-on if the build-in backup battery is full-recharged.



NMEA Protocol Overview

The output protocol supports NMEA-0183 standard. The implemented message include GGA, GLL, GSA, GSV, VTG, RMC and ZDA messages. The NMEA message output has the following sentence structure:

\$aaccc,c-c*hh<CR><LF>

The detail of the sentence structure is explained in Table 1.

Table 1: The NMEA sentence structure

character	HEX	Description
"\$"	24	Start of sentence
Aaccc		Address field. "aa" is the talked identifier. "ccc" identifies the
		sentence type
""	2C	Field delimiter
C-c		Data sentence block
"*"	2A	Checksum delimiter
Hh		Checksum field.
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	0D0A	Ending of sentence. (carriage return, line feed)

Table 2: Overview of NMEA messages

\$GNGGA	Time, position, and fix related data of the receiver.
\$GNGLL	Position, time and fix statue.
\$GNGSA	Used to represent the ID's of satellites which are used for position fix. When
	GPS satellites are used for position fix, \$GNGSA sentence is output with
	system ID 1. When GLONASS satellites are used for position fix, \$GNGSA
	sentence is output with system ID 2. When Galileo satellites are used for
	position fix, \$GNGSA sentence is output with system ID 3.
\$GPGSV	Satellite information about elevation, azimuth and CNR, \$GPGSV is used for
\$GLGSV	GPS satellites, while \$GLGSV is used of GLONASS satellites, while \$GAGSV
\$GAGSV	is used of Galileo satellites
\$GNRMC	Time, date, position, course and speed data.
\$GNVTG	Course and speed relative to the ground
\$GNZDA	UTC, day, month and year and time zone.



GGA - Global Positioning System Fix Data

Time, position and fix related data for a GPS receiver.

Structure:

1 2 3 4 56789 10 11 12 13

Example:

\$GNGGA,111636.932,2447.09495,N,12100.52235,E,1,11,0.8,118.2,M,21.3,M,,0000*02<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	UTC Time	111636.932	UTC of position in hhmmss.sss format, (000000.000
			~ 235959.999)
2	Latitude	2447.09495	Latitude in ddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
3	N/S Indicator	N	Latitude hemisphere indicator, 'N' = North,
			'S' = South
4	Longitude	12100.52235	Longitude in dddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
5	E/W Indicator	E	Longitude hemisphere indicator, 'E' = East, 'W' =
			West
6	GPS quality	1	GPS quality indicator
	indicator		0: position fix unavailable
			1: valid position fix, SPS mode
			2: valid position fix, differential GPS mode
			3: GPS PPS Mode, fix valid
			4: Real Time Kinematic. System used in RTK mode
			with fixed integers
			5: Float RTK. Satellite system used in RTK mode.
			Floating integers
			6: Estimated (dead reckoning) Mode
7	Satellites Used	11	Number of satellites in use, (00 ~ 24)
8	HDOP	0.8	Horizontal dilution of precision, (00.0 ~ 99.9)
9	Altitude	108.2	mean sea level (geoid), (-9999.9 ~ 17999.9)
10	Geoidal Separation	21.3	Geoidal Separation in meters
11	Age of Differential	0000	Age of Differential GPS data



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	GPS data		NULL when DGPS not used
12	DGPS Station ID	0000	Differential reference station ID, 0000 ~ 1023
13	Checksum	02	



GLL – Latitude/Longitude

Latitude and longitude of vessel position, time of position fix and status.

Structure:

\$--GLL,ddmm.mmmm,a,dddmm.mmmmm,a,hhmmss.sss,A,a*hh<CR><LF>

2 3 4 5 678

Example:

\$GNGLL,2447.09495,N,12100.52235,E,112609.932,A,A*57<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	Latitude	2447.09495	Latitude in ddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
2	N/S Indicator	N	Latitude hemisphere indicator
			'N' = North
			'S' = South
3	Longitude	12100.52235	Longitude in dddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
4	E/W Indicator	E	Longitude hemisphere indicator
			'E' = East
			'W' = West
5	UTC Time	112609.932	UTC time in hhmmss.sss format (000000.000 ~
			235959.999)
6	Status	A	Status, 'A' = Data valid, 'V' = Data not valid
7	Mode Indicator	A	Mode indicator
			'N' = Data not valid
			'A' = Autonomous mode
			'D' = Differential mode
			'E' = Estimated (dead reckoning) mode
8	Checksum	57	



GSA - GNSS DOP and Active Satellites

GNSS receiver operating mode, satellites used in the navigation solution reported by the GGA or GNS sentence and DOP values.

Structure:

Example:

\$GNGSA,A,3,05,12,21,22,30,09,18,06,14,01,31,,1.2,0.8,0.9*36<CR><LF>\$GNGSA,A,3,69,70,73,79,80,,,,,,1.2,0.8,0.9*3C<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	Mode	A	Mode
			'M' = Manual, forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode
			'A' = Automatic, allowed to automatically switch
			2D/3D
2	Mode	3	Fix type
			1 = Fix not available
			2 = 2D
			3 = 3D
3	Satellite used 1~16	05,12,21,22,30	Satellite ID number, 01 ~ 32 are for GPS; 33 ~ 64
		,09,18,06,14,0	are for WASS(PRN minus 87); 193 ~ 197 are for
		1,31,,	QZSS; 65 ~ 96 are for GLONASS(GL PRN); 01 ~
			36 are for Galileo(GA PRN). Maximally 12
			satellites are included in each GSA sentence.
4	PDOP	1.2	Position dilution of precision (00.0 to 99.9)
5	HDOP	0.8	Horizontal dilution of precision (00.0 to 99.9)
6	VDOP	0.9	Vertical dilution of precision (00.0 to 99.9)
7	Checksum	36	



GSV - GNSS Satellites in View

Number of satellites (SV) in view, satellite ID numbers, elevation, azimuth, and SNR value. Four satellites maximum per transmission.

Structure:

Example:

\$GPGSV,4,1,16,05,54,069,45,12,44,061,44,21,07,184,46,22,78,289,47*72<CR><LF>
\$GPGSV,4,2,16,30,65,118,45,09,12,047,37,18,62,157,47,06,08,144,45*7C<CR><LF>
\$GPGSV,4,3,16,14,39,330,42,01,06,299,38,31,30,256,44,32,36,320,47*7B<CR><LF>
\$GPGSV,4,4,16,42,64,169,45,50,74,261,44,21,07,184,46,193,68,189,47*72<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	Number of message	4	Total number of GSV messages to be transmitted
			(1-4)
2	Sequence number	1	Sequence number of current GSV message
3	Satellites in view	16	Total number of satellites in view (00 ~ 16)
4	Satellite ID	05	Satellite ID number, 01 ~ 32 are for GPS; 33 ~ 64
			are for WASS(PRN minus 87); 193 ~ 197 are for
			QZSS; 65 ~ 96 are for GLONASS(GL PRN); 01 ~
			36 are for Galileo(GA PRN). Maximally 4 satellites
			are included in each GSV sentence.
5	Elevation	54	Satellite elevation in degrees, (00 ~ 90)
6	Azimuth	069	Satellite azimuth angle in degrees, (000 ~ 359)
7	SNR	45	C/No in dB (00 ~ 99)
			Null when not tracking
8	Checksum	72	



RMC - Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

Time, date, position, course and speed data provided by a GNSS navigation receiver.

Structure:

1 2 3 4 5 678 9 10 11

Example:

\$GNRMC,111636.932,A,2447.09495,N,12100.52235,E,000.0,000.0,030407,,,A*61<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	UTC time	0111636.932	UTC time in hhmmss.sss format (000000.000 ~
			235959.999)
2	Status	Α	Status
			'V' = Navigation receiver warning
			'A' = Data Valid
3	Latitude	2447.09495	Latitude in dddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
4	N/S indicator	N	Latitude hemisphere indicator
			'N' = North
			'S' = South
5	Longitude	12100.52235	Longitude in dddmm.mmmmm format
			Leading zeros transmitted
6	E/W Indicator	E	Longitude hemisphere indicator
			'E' = East
			'W' = West
7	Speed over ground	0.000	Speed over ground in knots (000.0 ~ 999.9)
8	Course over ground	0.000	Course over ground in degrees (000.0 ~ 359.9)
9	UTC Date	030407	UTC date of position fix, ddmmyy format
10	Mode indicator	Α	Mode indicator
			'N' = Data not valid
			'A' = Autonomous mode
			'D' = Differential mode
			'E' = Estimated (dead reckoning) mode
11	checksum	61	



VTG - Course Over Ground and Ground Speed

The Actual course and speed relative to the ground.

Structure:

Example:

\$GNVTG, 000.0,T,,M,000.0,N,0000.0,K,A*3D<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	Course	0.000	True course over ground in degrees (000.0 ~ 359.9)
2	Speed	0.000	Speed over ground in knots (000.0 ~ 999.9)
3	Speed	0.000	Speed over ground in kilometers per hour (0000.0 ~
			1800.0)
4	Mode	A	Mode indicator
			'N' = not valid
			'A' = Autonomous mode
			'D' = Differential mode
			'E' = Estimated (dead reckoning) mode
5	Checksum	3D	



ZDA – Time & Date

UTC, day, month, year and local time zone.

Structure:

\$--ZDA,hhmmss.sss,xx,xx,xxx,xxx,xx*hh<CR><LF>

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Example:

\$GPZDA,052633.376,13,07,2012,00,00*51<CR><LF>

Field	Name	Example	Description
1	UTC time	0111636.932	UTC time in hhmmss.sss format (000000.000 ~
			235959.999)
2	Day	13	Day, 01 to 31
3	Month	07	Month, 01 to 12
4	Year	2012	Year in yyyy format
5	Local zone hours	00	Local zone hours, 00 to +/- 13 hrs
6	Local zone minutes	00	Local zone minutes, 00 to +59
7	checksum	51	



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